

Advanced Energy Group (AEG) Trucking Task Force Recap

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Advanced Energy Group (AEG)

- Stakeholder engagement platform working to accelerate climate and equity goals in Chicago, New York, Washington D.C., Boston, and the Caribbean
- Quarterly topics of Critical Infrastructure, Buildings and Construction, Grid Modernization, and Mobility and Transportation
- Leaders vote on most pressing obstacle then develop a 12-month solution
 - Volunteer Task Forces then work for 12 months to achieve goals



Last Week's
AEG Chicago
Stakeholder
Challenge on
Mobility and
Transportation:

Volunteer Task Force to launch public campaign for fair public transit



Trucking Task Force

AEG CHICAGO

- 25+ active participants representing a wide range of stakeholders
- Goals: Focus on environmental justice concerns, fleet engagement, utility considerations, and funding for fleets
- Accomplishments:
 - Established multi-stakeholder group
 - Connecting the dots in the clean fleet world including fleets, utilities, Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEMs), environmental nonprofits, city agencies and EV solution providers
 - o 1-on-1 work with fleets:
 - Martin Brower McCook Operation
 - Ozinga mixers calculations
 - Hosted Illinois Clean Truck Fleet Forum
 - Education and fleet engagement event with over 70+ attendees











Executive Summary

Drayage freight in Chicago offers great opportunity for electrification

- Application aligns with limitations of electrification
- Huge health/air quality benefits for communities near intermodal yards
- Invests in local economy and small businesses

Fleet engagement and education may be biggest challenge

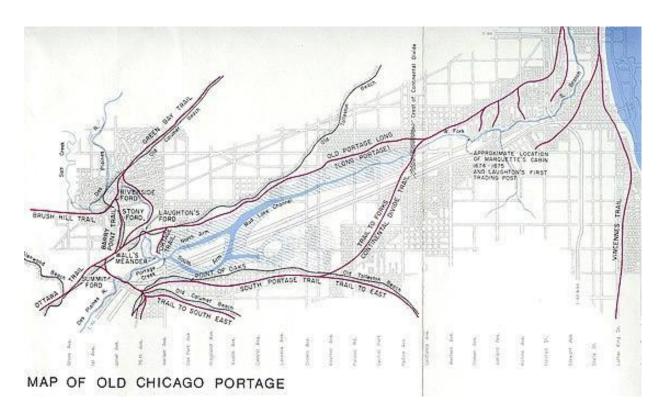
- Understanding specifics of trucking operations is essential, especially for policymakers
- Fleet engagement was a big focus of AEG Trucking Task Force with limited success

Utility Considerations:

- Develop outreach plan and points of contact for smaller fleet operations
- Prioritize investment in SW and SE sides to alleviate charging deserts and prepare for electrification, specifically for drayage
- Long-term vision is needed to address structural issues
- Collaborate, collaborate, collaborate!!! We need as many people in the conversation as possible



Chicago as a "Freight Hub" Historical Background



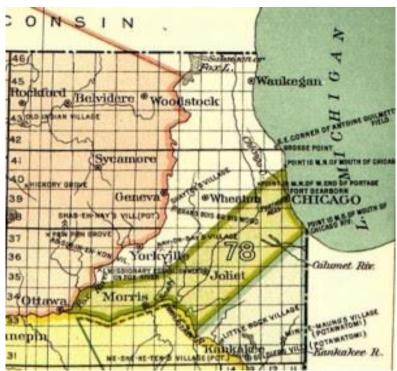
Portage: "the carrying of a boat or its cargo between two bodies of water"

"This will be the gate of empire, this the seat of commerce"

-French Explorer Robert La Salle



Native American Removal and the I&M Canal



Treaty of St. Louis (1816) and the Indian
Boundary Lines



Illinois and Michigan Canal (1848)



Native American Removal and the I&M Canal



Indian Boundary Park in Rogers Park





Barge on Chicago Sanitary and Ship Canal



Rail in Chicago

"Player with Railroads and the Nation's Freight Handler"

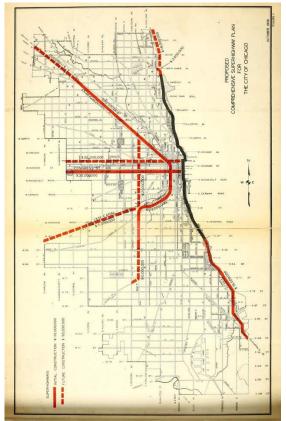
"Chicago" by Carl Sandburg (1914)

- Metropolitan Chicago is the largest rail-truck intermodal port in the country, moving more than 16.4 million 20-ft equivalent units of freight cargo and exporting nearly \$44 billion of manufactured goods in 2016 (CMAP)
- Intermodal activity increasing. Rose 38% from 2009 to 2016



Freight Train Near the Chicago Portage

Highways



"Comprehensive Superhighway Plan" (1939)

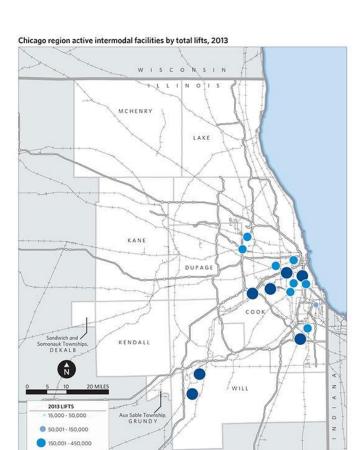




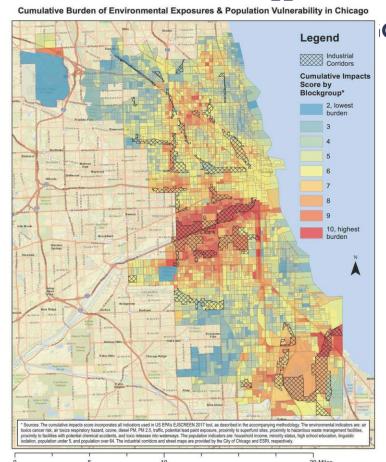
Demolition on Near West Side for Congress Expressway (1949)



Natural Resources Defense Council (NRDC) Map, version 9/4/2018



Intermodals vs.
Environmental Vulnerability



Source: Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning analysis of railroad data.

450,001 - 919,791

= EXPRESSWAY SYSTEM

--- RAIL NETWORK

Notice the Pattern?



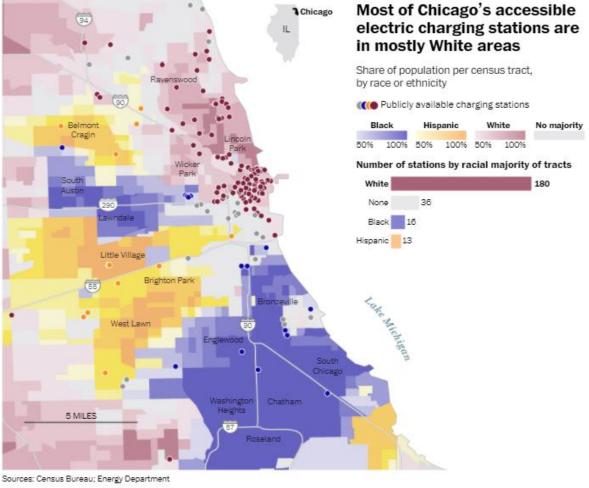
- Chicago is STILL a portage
 - O Intermodal facilities require lifts and transfers, much like historic Chicago Portage
- Freight system has relied on sacrifice of marginalized communities
 - O Potawatomi, Odawa, Ojibwe and other Native people for 1816 Treaty of St. Louis and I&M Canal
 - Black, Jewish, and other working-class communities for Congress Expressway (I-290), Dan Ryan (I-94),
 and other highways
 - Latinx and other working-class communities near intermodals for past decades

Some people have always been deemed expendable for the success of the freight system here in Chicago

This <u>cannot</u> continue as we move toward a more equitable system

Freight electrification can be our chance to do better

Yet in some ways, this is already happening with EV infrastructure...



Source: Washington Post 12.9.21



AEG CHICAGO

- Goal: create a platform for public fleets, private fleets, and associated stakeholders to collectively discuss barriers and opportunities to fleet electrification in Illinois
- Culmination of AEG Trucking Task Force
- Click here for event Resource Page including recording and notes







Takeaways:

- Electrification must focus on application
- Transitioning to EVs requires organizational buy-in from fleets both public and private
- Technology and incentives are rapidly evolving and difficult to keep track of
- Fleet engagement is difficult!
- Click here for event Resource Page including recording and notes





Opportunity: Drayage Freight in Chicago

Drayage Definition:

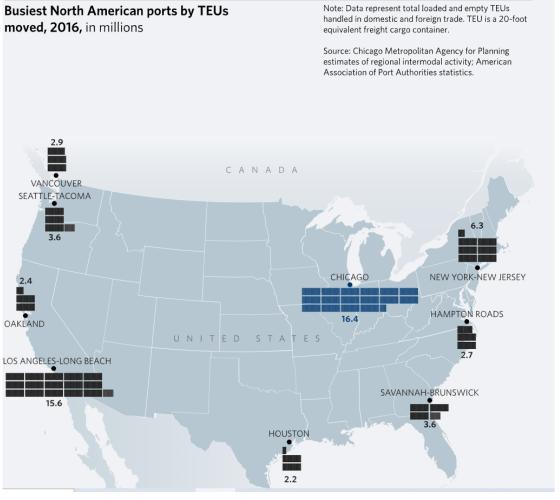
"Drayage refers to the process of transporting goods over short distances. It includes the trucking of containerized cargo from one port to another or from a port to a railyard."



JB Hunt Intermodal: A common sight in Chicago



An intermodal lift





Ports by Twenty Foot Equivalent Units (CMAP)



Opportunity: Drayage Freight in Chicago

- Drayage Freight: the glue that holds the intermodal system together
- Great opportunity based on application
 - Shorter routes. Trucks generally return to same depots each night
- Projected cost savings in near-term with total cost of ownership
- Drayage firms often have older trucks with worse emissions (PM 2.5 pollution far worse in older diesel engines)
 Greatest reduction in harmful air pollution
- More likely to drive through neighborhoods between intermodals



Challenge: Fleet Engagement and Education

Fleet engagement was a challenge for AEG Trucking Task Force

- Limited results despite high focus on outreach and aid of Illinois Trucking Association
- Few Fleet Managers have time in day-to-day schedule to participate
 - o "Those guys go through hell every day" -- Chicago Freight Logistics Analyst
- Smaller operations are hardest to reach and least likely to have funding
- Zoom/online meetings may be a challenge



Challenge: Fleet Engagement and Education

- Fleet engagement is essential for electrification
 - During Fleet Forum, participants from ComEd emphasized the need for early outreach from fleets for electrification projects
 - Adding chargers and trucks takes time and may require substation upgrades and added costs
- Better data needed on drayage freight and local deliveries
 - Drayage data in other cities has been referred to as a "black hole"
 - Fine-grained data could help us lessen traffic through neighborhoods, reduce idling and better understand specific fleet experiences



Utility Considerations for Beneficial Electrification

- Direct outreach to smaller fleets, not just large customers
 - Big opportunity to reduce air pollution from older trucks while investing in local economy
- Prioritize upgrades for SW/SE Side
 - Address charging deserts while preparing for electric drayage near freight infrastructure
- Eye on technology Wireless charging, Logistics innovations
- Collaboration with intermodal yards, logistics companies, Port of Chicago, city agencies, unions, and local environmental advocacy groups
- Same can be done downstate with other intermodals/truck depots

Long-term vision is essential for dealing with structural inequities.

The choices we make today will impact generations to come!

Thank you!